## Ph.D. Qualification Examination

Computation Theory (March 2011)

- (1) (15%) Design an NFA to recognize the language of strings over {0, 1} beginning with a 0, ending with a 1, and having an occurrence of 0101 somewhere in every string.
- (2) (25%) Justify your answers (prove or disprove) for the following assertions.
  - (a) The union of two non-regular sets is always non-regular.
  - (b) A regular set can have a non-regular subset.
  - (c) Every regular set has a regular set.
  - (d) The union of a regular and a non-regular set can be regular.
  - (e) There is a finite non-regular set.
- (3) (20%) Justify your answers for the following assertions.
  - (a) Every regular language is also a context-free language.
  - (b) Every context-free language is also a regular language.
  - (c) Every context-free language has a regular sublanguage.
  - (d) Every regular language has a context-free sublanguage.
- (4) (40%) Determine whether it is decidable or not for each of the following questions.
  - (a) Given a context-free grammar G and two strings  $s_1, s_2$ , does G generate  $s_1s_2$ ?
  - (b) Given a context-free grammar G, is the language accepted by G regular?
  - (c) Does TM M halt on all strings?
  - (d) Is the language that TM M accepts regular?